

This Patient Group Direction (PGD) must only be used by registered healthcare professionals who have been named and authorised by their organisation to practice under it. The most recent and in date final signed version of the PGD should be used.

PATIENT GROUP DIRECTION (PGD)

Supply and/or administration of levonorgestrel 1500micrograms tablet(s) for emergency contraception

in Sirona care & health, BrisDoc healthcare services and BNSSG GP practices

Version Number 2.0

Change History		
Version and Change details Date		
Version 1 March 2020	New template	
Version 1.1 November 2020	Addition of acute porphyria to exclusion criteria	
Version 2.0 March 2023	Updated template (no clinical changes to expired V1) Inclusion criteria includes that LNG-EG can only be used between 72 and 96 hours where ulipristal is contraindicated.	



PGD DEVELOPMENT GROUP

Date PGD template comes into effect:	1 st March 2023
Review date	September 2025
	·
Expiry date:	28 th February 2026

This PGD template has been peer reviewed by the Reproductive Health PGDs Short Life Working Group in accordance with their Terms of Reference. It has been approved by the Faculty for Sexual and Reproductive Health (FSRH) in October 2022.

This section MUST REMAIN when a PGD is adopted by an organisation.

Name	Designation
Dr Cindy Farmer	Chair General Training Committee
	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH)
Michelle Jenkins	Advanced Nurse Practitioner, Clinical Standards Committee
	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH)
Vicky Garner	Deputy Chief Midwife British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)
Gail Rowley	Quality Matron British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)
Julia Hogan	CASH Nurse Consultant MSI Reproductive Choices
Kate Devonport	National Unplanned Pregnancy Association (NUPAS)
Chetna Parmar	Pharmacist adviser Umbrella
Helen Donovan	Royal College of Nursing (RCN)
Carmel Lloyd	Royal College of Midwives (RCM)
Clare Livingstone	Royal College of Midwives (RCM)
Kirsty Armstrong	National Pharmacy Integration Lead, NHS England
Dipti Patel	Local authority pharmacist
Emma Anderson	Centre for Postgraduate Pharmacy Education (CPPE)
Dr Kathy French	Specialist Nurse
Dr Sarah Pillai	Associate Specialist
Alison Crompton	Community pharmacist
Andrea Smith	Community pharmacist
Lisa Knight	Community Health Services pharmacist
Bola Sotubo	NHS North East London ICB pharmacist
Tracy Rogers	Director, Medicines Use and Safety, Specialist Pharmacy
	Service
Sandra Wolper	Associate Director Specialist Pharmacy Service
Jo Jenkins (Woking	Lead Pharmacist PGDs and Medicine Mechanisms Specialist
Group Co-ordinator)	Pharmacy Service



The PGD template is not legally valid until it has had the relevant organisational approval - see below.

ORGANISATIONAL AUTHORISATIONS AND OTHER LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

BNSSG GP Practices

Name	Job title and organisation	Signature	Date
Dr Joanne Medhurst	Chief Medical Officer	A HALL	24.02.2023
	Bristol, North Somerset, South Gloucestershire ICB	J-HVIII	
Michelle Jones	Principal Medicines Optimisation Pharmacist Bristol, North Somerset and South Gloucestershire ICB	Mones	24.02.2023
Debbie Campbell	Deputy Director (Medicines Optimisation)	Me -	24.02.2023
	Bristol North Somerset and South Gloucestershire ICB		

Sirona care & health

Name	Job title and organisation	Signature	Date
Dr Carol Naughton	Medical Advisor		
	Sirona care & health		
Kate Ellis	Head of Medicines Optimisation		
	Sirona care & health		
Senior representative of professional group	Eimer Kilroe		
using the PGD	Sirona care & health		
Debbie Campbell	Deputy Director (Medicines Optimisation)	MS-	24.02.2023
	Bristol North Somerset and South Gloucestershire ICB		



BrisDoc Healthcare Services- The PGD is not legally valid until it has had the relevant authorisations. To ensure compliance with the law, organisations must add local authorisation details i.e. clinical authorisations and the person signing on behalf of the authorising organisation.

Name	Job title and organisation	Signature	Date
Senior Doctor	3		
Senior pharmacist			
Debbie Campbell	Deputy Director (Medicine Optimisation) Bristol, North Somerset, South Gloucestershire ICB	DRS-	24.02.23



1. Characteristics of staff

Ouglifications and	Deviatored professional with an electric faller due hading
Qualifications and professional registration	 Registered professional with one of the following bodies: Nurses currently registered with the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC) Allied Healthcare professionals registered with the Health and Care professions Council Pharmacists registered with the General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC) Have a current contract of employment with a GP practice in Bristol, North Somerset or South Gloucestershire, Sirona Health and Care or BrisDoc
Initial training	The registered healthcare professional authorised to operate under this PGD must have undertaken appropriate education and training and successfully completed the competencies to undertake clinical assessment of patients ensuring safe provision of the medicines listed in accordance with local policy.
	Individual must have completed a relevant contraception module/course accredited or endorsed by the FSRH, CPPE or a university or as advised in the RCN training directory. Individual has undertaken appropriate training for working under PGDs for the supply and administration of medicines. Recommended training - eLfH PGD elearning programme The healthcare professional has completed locally required training (including updates) in safeguarding children and vulnerable adults or level 2 safeguarding or the equivalent.
Competency assessment	 Individuals operating under this PGD must be assessed as competent (see Appendix A) or complete a self-declaration of competence for emergency contraception. Staff operating under this PGD are encouraged to review their competency using the NICE Competency Framework for health professionals using patient group directions
Ongoing training and competency	 Individuals operating under this PGD are personally responsible for ensuring that they remain up to date with the use of all medicines and guidance included in the PGD - if any training needs are identified these should be addressed and further training provided as required. Organisational PGD and/or medication training as required by employing Trust/organisation.
	ation rests with the individual registered health professional
who must abide by the PGD and a	any associated organisational policies.



2. Clinical condition or situation to which this PGD applies

To reduce the risk of pregnancy after unprotected sexual	
intercourse (UPSI) or regular contraception has been	
compromised or used incorrectly.	
 Any female-bodied individual presenting for emergency contraception (EC) between 0 and 72 hours following UPSI or when regular contraception has been compromised or used incorrectly. Any female-bodied individual who presents between 72 hours and up to and including 96 hours where ulipristal PGD is contraindicated. This includes the following situations: recent progestogen use (including levonorgestrel EC use) in the last 7 days. the individual is breastfeeding and does not wish to discard the breast milk for seven days. the individual wishes to immediately "quick start on-going contraception or there is an increased risk of pregnancy from further UPSI if there is a delay in commencing ongoing contraception. concurrent use of liver enzyme inducer severe asthma controlled by oral glucocorticoids. known hypersensitivity to any constituent of ulipristal. No contraindications to the medication. 	
 Informed consent given. Informed consent not given. Individuals under 16 years old and assessed as lacking capacity to consent using the Fraser Guidelines. Individuals 16 years of age and over and assessed as lacking capacity to consent. This episode of UPSI occurred more than 96 hours ago. N.B. A dose may be given if there have been previous untreated or treated episodes of UPSI within the current cycle if the most recent episode of UPSI is within 96 hours. Known pregnancy (N.B. a previous episode of UPSI in this cycle is not an exclusion. Consider pregnancy test if more than three weeks after UPSI and no normal menstrual period since UPSI). Less than 21 days after childbirth. Less than 5 days after miscarriage, abortion, ectopic pregnancy or uterine evacuation for gestational trophoblastic disease (GTD). Known hypersensitivity to the active ingredient or to any component of the product - see Summary of Product Characteristics Use of ulipristal acetate (UPA-EC) emergency contraception in the previous 5 days. 	



Cautions including any	All individuals should be informed that insertion of a
relevant action to be taken	copper intrauterine device (Cu-IUD) within five days of UPSI or within five days from earliest estimated ovulation
	is the most effective method of emergency contraception.
	If a Cu-IUD is appropriate and acceptable supply oral EC
	and refer to the appropriate health service provider.
	UPA-EC can delay ovulation until closer to the time of
	ovulation than levonorgestrel (LNG-EC). Consider UPA-
	EC if the individual presents in the five days leading up to
	estimated day of ovulation.
	LNG-EC is ineffective if taken after ovulation.
	If individual vomits within three hours from ingestion, a
	repeat dose may be given.
	 Individuals using enzyme-inducing drugs/herbal products or within 4 weeks of stopping them - see dose frequency section.
	 Body Mass Index (BMI) >26kg/m² or weight >70kg –
	individuals should be advised that though oral EC
	methods may be safely used, a high BMI may reduce the
	effectiveness. A Cu-IUD should be recommended as the
	most effective method of EC. If LNG-EC is to be given
	see dosage section.Consideration should be given to the current disease
	status of those with severe malabsorption syndromes,
	such as acute/active inflammatory bowel disease or
	Crohn's disease. Although the use of LNG-EC is not
	contra-indicated it may be less effective and so these
	individuals should be advised that insertion of Cu-IUD
	would be the most effective emergency contraception for them and referred accordingly if agreed.
	If the individual is less than 16 years of age an
	assessment based on Fraser guidelines must be made
	and documented.
	If the individual is less than 13 years of age the
	healthcare professional should speak to local
	safeguarding lead and follow the local safeguarding
	policy.If the individual has not yet reached menarche consider
	onward referral for further assessment or investigation.
Action to be taken if the	Explain the reasons for exclusion to the individual and
individual is excluded or	document in the consultation record.
declines treatment	Record reason for decline in the consultation record.
	Offer suitable alternative emergency contraception or
	refer the individual as soon as possible to a suitable
	health service provider if appropriate and/or provide them
	with information about further options.
	 Refer to appropriate doctor, GP, independent prescriber, Unity Sexual Health (Tel: 0117 342 6900 for appointment
	or 0117 342 6913 for professional advice) as appropriate
	3. 5. 17 6 12 66 16 161 professional advice) de appropriate



3. Description of treatment

Name, strength & formulation	Levonorgestrel 1500 micrograms tablet (N.B. this is		
of drug	equivalent to 1.5mg levonorgestrel)		
Legal category	P/POM		
Route of administration	Oral		
Off label use	Best practice advice given by Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH) is used for guidance in this PGD and may vary from the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).		
	This PGD includes off-label use in the following conditions: o use between 72 and 96 hours post UPSI o consideration of increased dose for individuals with BMI over 26kg/m2or weight over 70kg o increased dose for individuals using liver enzyme inducing agents o severe hepatic impairment o individuals with previous salpingitis or ectopic pregnancy o lapp-lactase deficiency o hereditary problems of galactose intolerance o glucose-galactose malabsorption		
	Note some products may be licenced only for certain age groups (e.g. 16 years and over) – supply of these products outside the licensed age groups is permitted under this PGD.		
	Medicines should be stored according to the conditions detailed in the Storage section in this table. However, in the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions the local pharmacy or Medicines Management team must be consulted. Where drugs have been assessed by pharmacy/Medicines Management in accordance with national or specific product recommendations as appropriate for continued use this would constitute off-label administration under this PGD. The responsibility for the decision to release the affected drugs for use lies with pharmacy/Medicines Management.		
	Where a drug is recommended off-label consider, as part of the consent process, informing the individual/parent/carer that the drug is being offered in accordance with national guidance but that this is outside the product licence		
Dose and frequency of administration	 Levonorgestrel 1500mcg (1 tablet) to be taken as soon as possible up to 96 hours of UPSI. Dose for those individuals taking enzyme inducing medicines or herbal products: An individual who requests LNG-EC whilst using enzyme-inducing drugs, or within 4 weeks of stopping them, can be advised to take a total of 3mg levonorgestrel (two 1500mcg tablets) as a single dose and within 96 hours of UPSI. Note the effectiveness of this regimen is unknown. 		



Duration of treatment	 Dose for those individuals with a body mass index of more than 26kg/m² or who weigh more than 70kg: An individual who requests LNG-EC with a body mass index of more than 26kg/m² or who weighs more than 70kg can be offered a total of 3mg LNG-EC (two 1500mcg tablets) as a single dose and within 96 hours of UPSI. Note the effectiveness of this regimen is unknown. A single dose is permitted under this PGD. If vomiting occurs within 3 hours of LNG-EC being taken a repeat dose can be supplied under this PGD. Repeated doses, as separate episodes of care, can be given within the same cycle. Please note:
	 If within 7 days of previous LNG-EC offer LNG-EC again (not UPA-EC) If within 5 days of UPA-EC then offer UPA-EC again (not LNG-EC)
Quantity to be supplied	 Appropriately labelled pack of one tablet. Two tablets can be supplied for individuals taking enzyme inducing drugs and/or individuals with a BMI of more than 26kg/m² or who weigh more than 70kg.
Storage	Medicines must be stored securely according to national guidelines and in accordance with the product SPC.
Drug interactions	A detailed list of drug interactions is available in the SPC, which is available from the electronic Medicines Compendium website: www.medicines.org.uk or the BNF www.bnf.org
Identification & management of adverse reactions	A detailed list of adverse reactions is available in the SPC, which is available from the electronic Medicines Compendium website: www.medicines.org.uk and BNF www.bnf.org The following side effects are common with LNG-EC (but may not reflect all reported side effects): Nausea and vomiting are the most common side effects. Headache, dizziness, fatigue, low abdominal pain and breast tenderness, diarrhoea. The FSRH advises that bleeding patterns may be
	temporarily disturbed and spotting may occur, but most individuals will have their next menstrual period within seven days of the expected time
Management of and reporting procedure for adverse reactions	 Healthcare professionals and individuals are encouraged to report suspected adverse reactions to the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) using the Yellow Card reporting scheme on: http://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk Record all adverse drug reactions (ADRs) in the individual's medical record. Report any adverse reactions via organisation incident policy.



Written information and further advice to be provided

- All methods of emergency contraception should be discussed. All individuals should be informed that fitting a Cu-IUD within five days of UPSI or within five days from the earliest estimated ovulation is the most effective method of emergency contraception.
- Ensure that a patient information leaflet (PIL) is provided within the original pack.
- Explain that levonorgestrel works by inhibiting ovulation, delaying or preventing follicular rupture and causing luteal dysfunction. If taken prior to the start of the luteinising hormone surge, levonorgestrel inhibits ovulation for the next 5 days, until sperm from the UPSI for which it was taken are no longer viable. In the late follicular phase, however, levonorgestrel becomes ineffective (while ulipristal emergency contraception is still able to delay ovulation). Although post-ovulation effects of levonorgestrel have been suggested, subsequent studies have not shown a significant emergency contraception effect of levonorgestrel administered after ovulation.
- If vomiting occurs within three hours of taking the dose, the individual should return for another dose.
- Explain that menstrual disturbances can occur after the use of emergency hormonal contraception.
- Provide advice on ongoing contraceptive methods, including how these can be accessed.
- Repeated episodes of UPSI within one menstrual cycle the dose may be repeated more than once in the same menstrual cycle should the need occur.
- Individuals using hormonal contraception should restart their regular hormonal contraception immediately.
 Avoidance of pregnancy risk (i.e. use of condoms or abstain from intercourse) should be advised until fully effective.
- Advise a pregnancy test three weeks after treatment especially if the expected period is delayed by more than seven days or abnormal (e.g. shorter or lighter than usual), or if using hormonal contraception which may affect bleeding pattern.
- Promote the use of condoms to protect against sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and advise on the possible need for screening for STIs.
- There is no evidence of harm if someone becomes pregnant in a cycle when they had used emergency hormonal contraception.
- Advise to consult a pharmacist, nurse or doctor before taking any new medicines including those purchased.



	North Somerset and South Gloucestershire
Advice/follow up treatment	 The individual should be advised to seek medical advice in the event of an adverse reaction. The individual should attend an appropriate health service provider if their period is delayed, absent or abnormal or if they are otherwise concerned. Pregnancy test as required (see advice to individual above). Individuals advised how to access on-going contraception and STI screening as required.
Records	Record:
Records	 Record: The consent of the individual and If individual is under 13 years of age record action taken If individual is under 16 years of age document capacity using Fraser guidelines. If not competent record action taken. If individual over 16 years of age and not competent, record action taken Name of individual, address, date of birth GP contact details where appropriate Relevant past and present medical history, including medication history. Examination finding where relevant e.g. weight Any known drug allergies Name of registered health professional operating under the PGD Name of medication supplied Date of supply Dose supplied Quantity supplied Advice given, including advice given if excluded or declines treatment Details of any adverse drug reactions and actions taken Advice given about the medication including side effects, benefits, and when and what to do if any concerns Any referral arrangements made Any supply outside the terms of the product marketing authorisation Recorded that supplied via Patient Group Direction (PGD) Records should be signed and dated (or a password controlled e-records) and securely kept for a defined period in line with local policy.
	All records should be clear, legible and contemporaneous. A record of all individuals receiving treatment under this PGD should also be kept for audit purposes in accordance with

Reference Number: V2.0 Valid from:1st March 2023 Review date: September 2025 Expiry date: 28th February 2026

local policy.



4. Key references

Key references (accessed Electronic Medicines Compendium http://www.medicines.org.uk/ September 2022) Electronic BNF https://bnf.nice.org.uk/ NICE Medicines practice guideline "Patient Group Directions" https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/mpg2 Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Health Clinical Guidance: Emergency Contraception - March 2017 (Amended March 2020) https://www.fsrh.org/standards-and-guidance/current-clinicalguidance/emergency-contraception/ FSRH CEU Statement Response to Edelman 2022 (August 2022) https://www.fsrh.org/standards-andguidance/documents/fsrh-ceu-statement-response-to-edelman-2022-august-2022/ Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Health Drug Interactions with Hormonal Contraception - May 2022 https://www.fsrh.org/documents/ceu-clinical-guidance-druginteractions-with-hormonal/ Royal Pharmaceutical Society Safe and Secure Handling of Medicines December 2018 https://www.rpharms.com/recognition/setting-professionalstandards/safe-and-secure-handling-of-medicines



Appendix A – example registered health professional authorisation sheet PGD Name/Version: Levonorgestrel v2.0 Valid from: Mar 23 Expiry: Feb 26

Before signing this PGD, check that the document has had the necessary authorisations. Without these, this PGD is not lawfully valid.

Registered health professional

By signing this patient group direction, you are indicating that you agree to its contents and that you will work within it. Patient group directions do not remove inherent professional obligations or accountability. It is the responsibility of each professional to practise only within the bounds of their own competence and professional code of conduct.

I confirm that I have read and understood the content of this Patient Group Direction and that I am willing and competent to work to it within my professional code of conduct.					
Name	Designation	Signature	Date		
	<u> </u>	-			

Δ	uth	orisir	าต	man	Nager

his PGD is agreed for use	in (GP practice/service name)	
---------------------------	-------------------------------	--

I confirm that the registered health professionals named above have declared themselves suitably trained and competent to work under this PGD. I give authorisation for the above named health care professionals who have signed the PGD to work under it.

Name	Designation	Signature	Date

Note to authorising manager

Score through unused rows in the list of registered health professionals to prevent additions post managerial authorisation.

This authorisation sheet should be retained to serve as a record of those registered health professionals authorised to work under this PGD.